ANCIENT ROMAN ART

PART 1

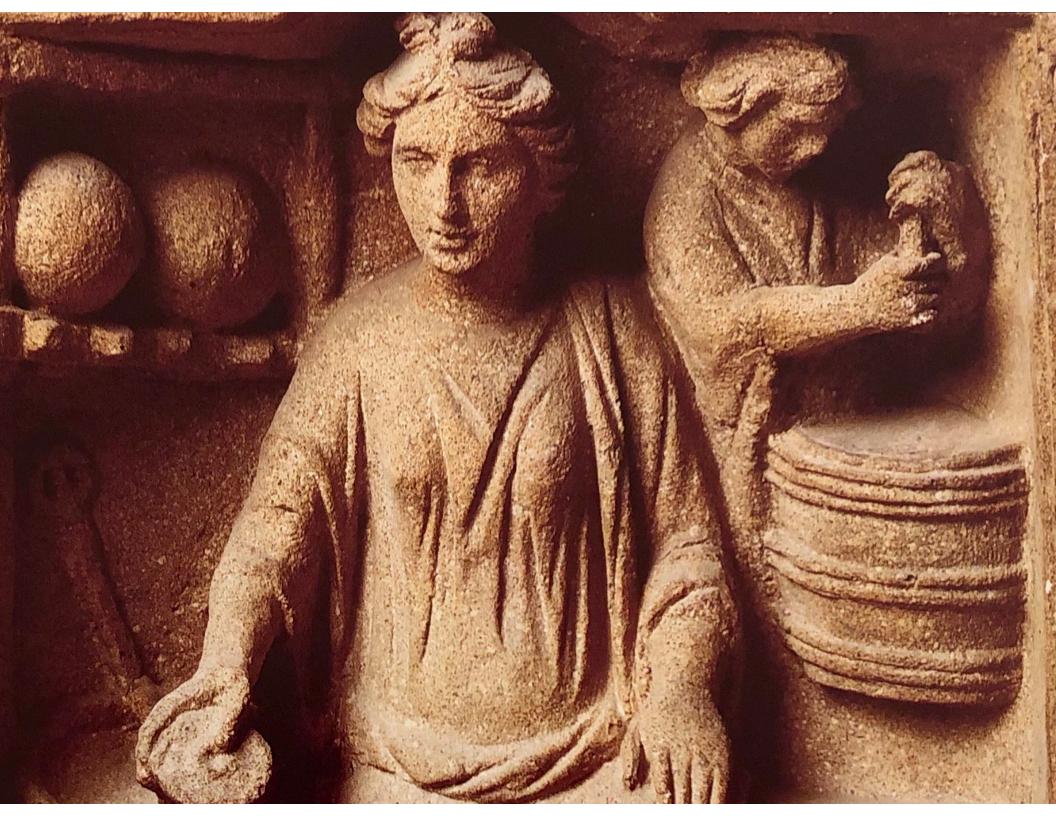


HIGH RELIEF:

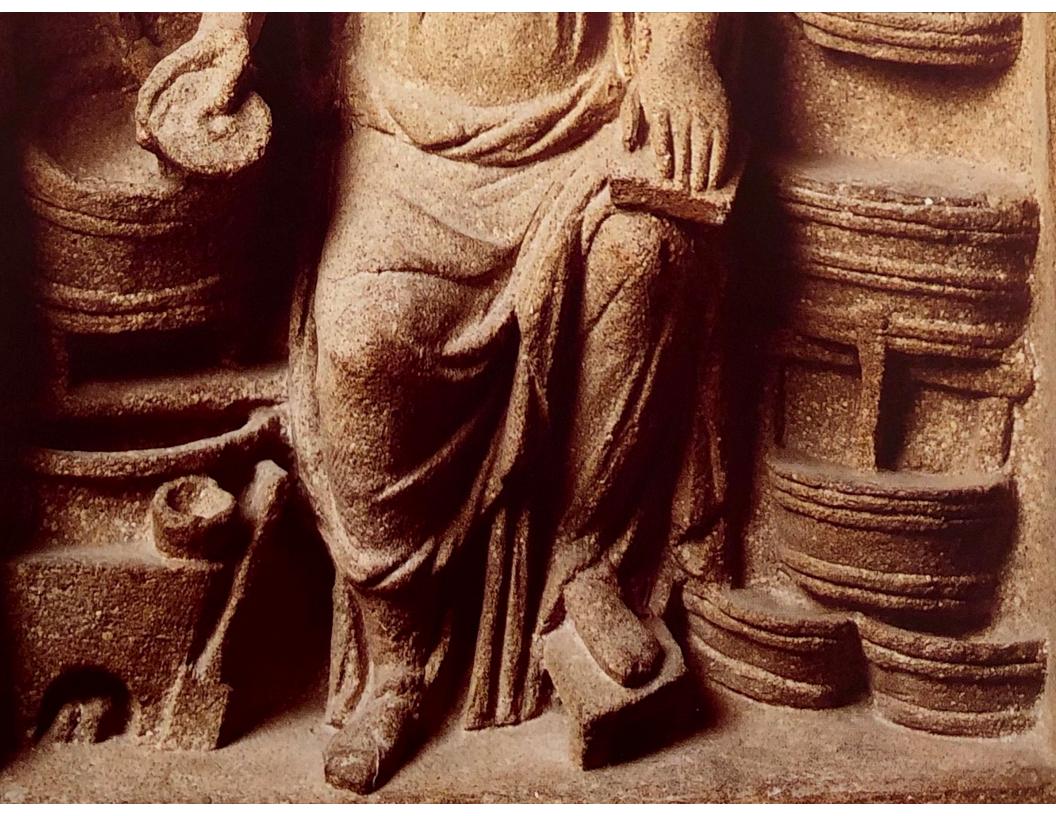
SALESWOMAN IN PHARMACY

2 C. AD



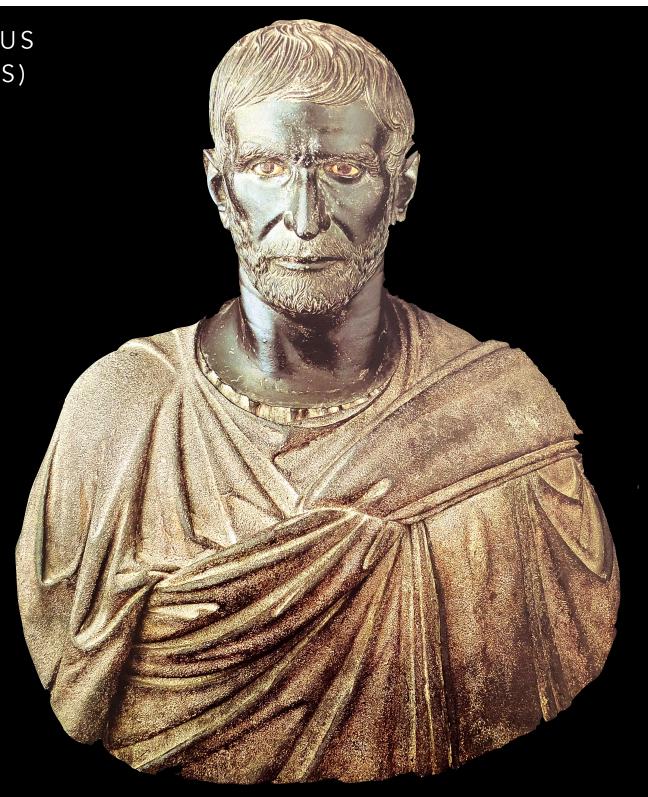






THE CAPITOLINE BRUTUS (LUCIUS IUNIUS BRUTUS)

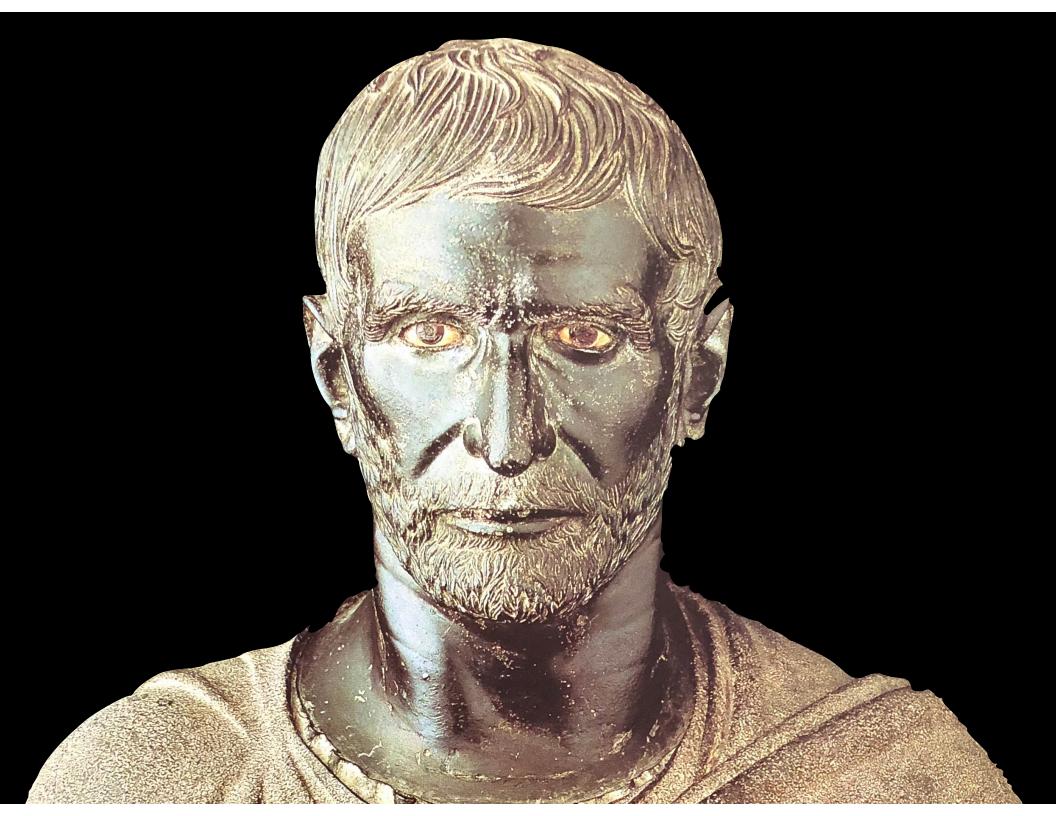
4 C. - 1 C. BC

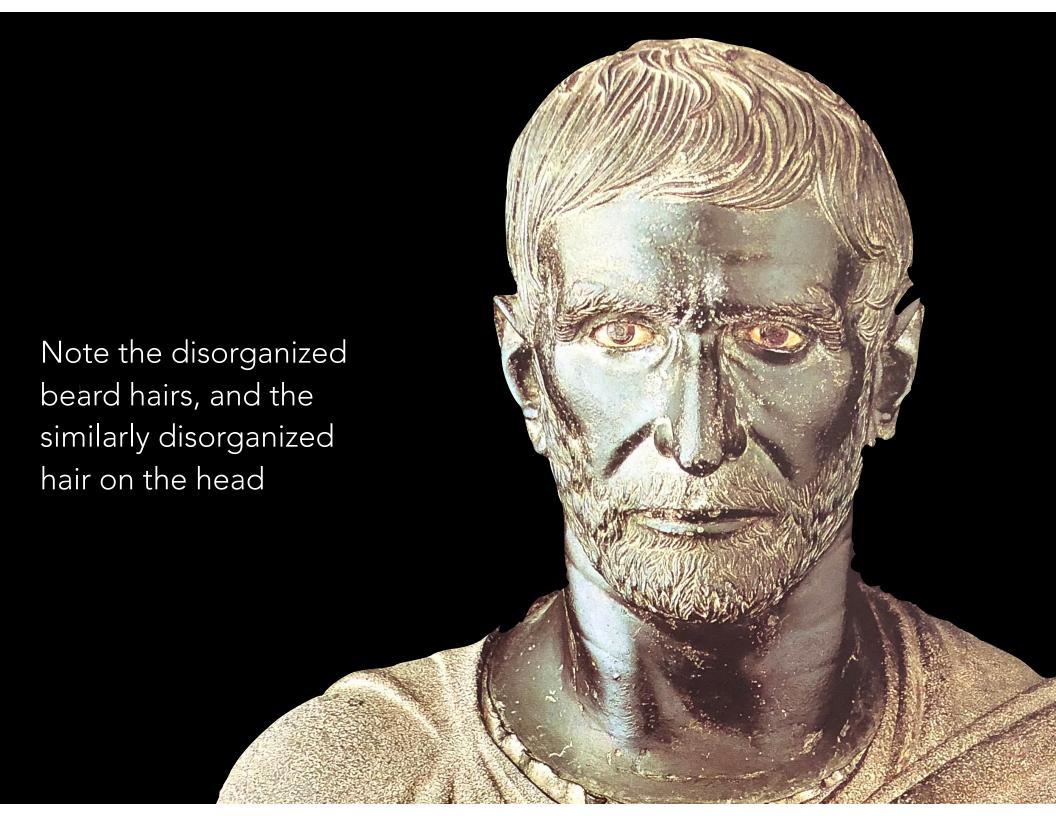


The toga was added to the head during the Renaissance; the head may have originally been part of a larger statue. The eyes are made of bone, inlaid with glass; shows clear Greek influence.

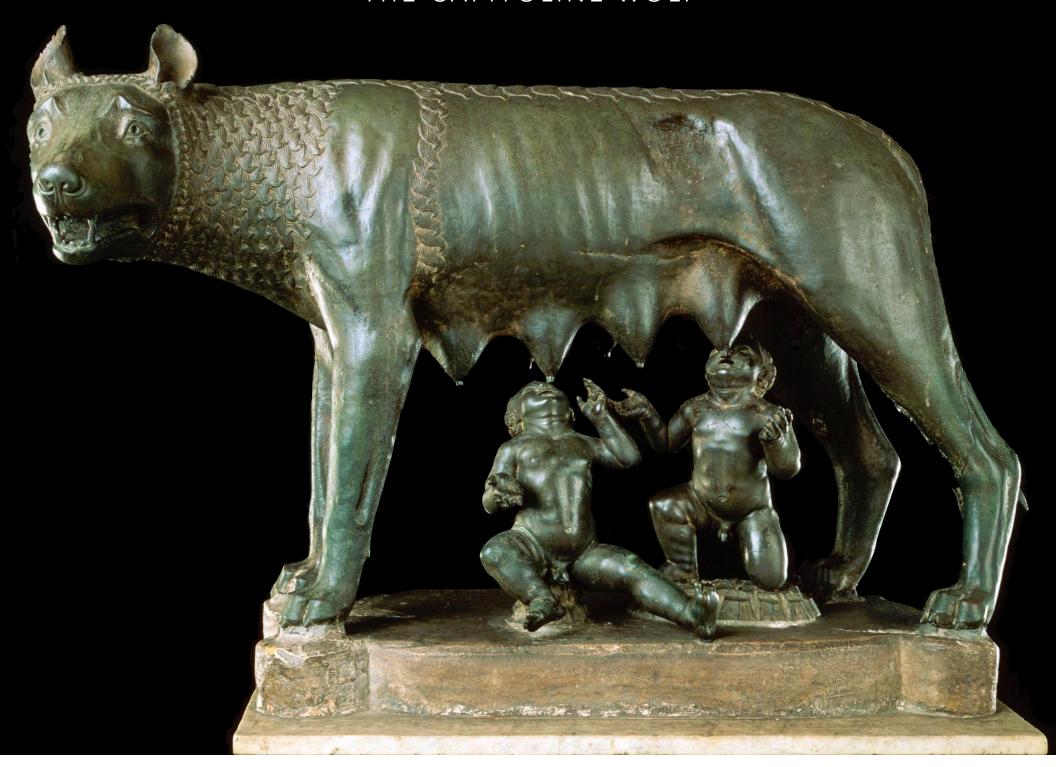
Lucius Iunius Brutus was the founder of the Roman Republic in 509 BC. Caesar's assassin, Brutus, believed himself to be descended from Lucius Iunius.

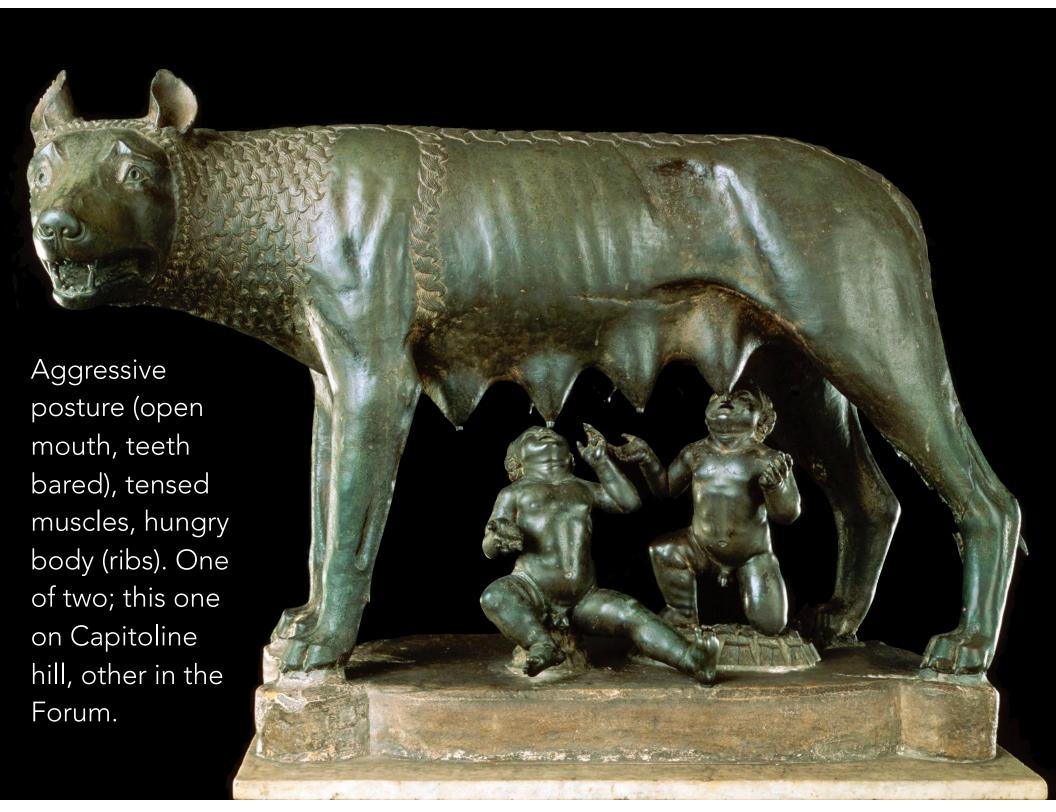




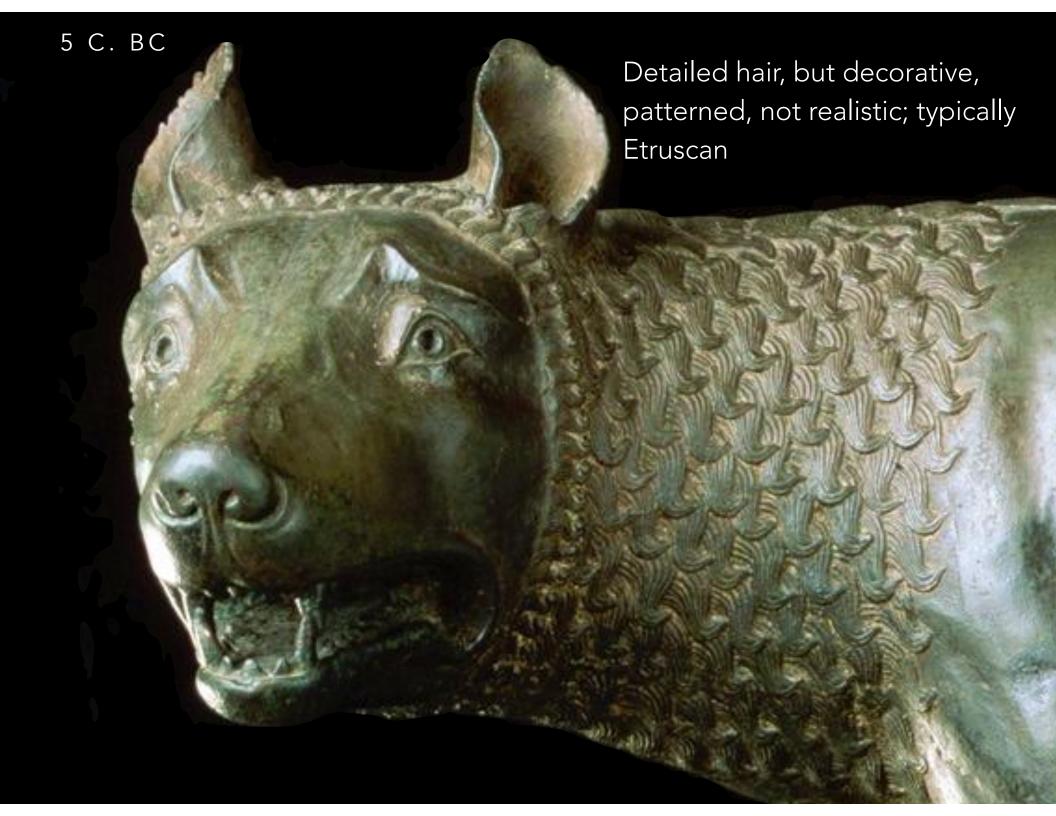


THE CAPITOLINE WOLF

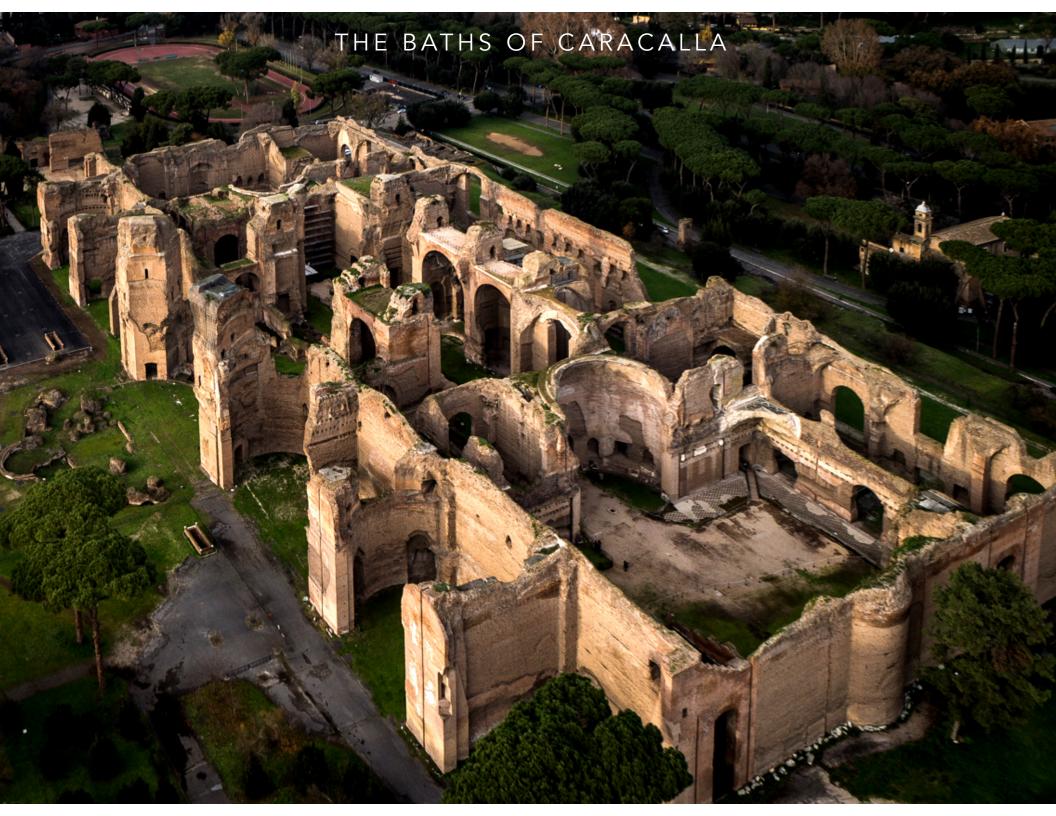






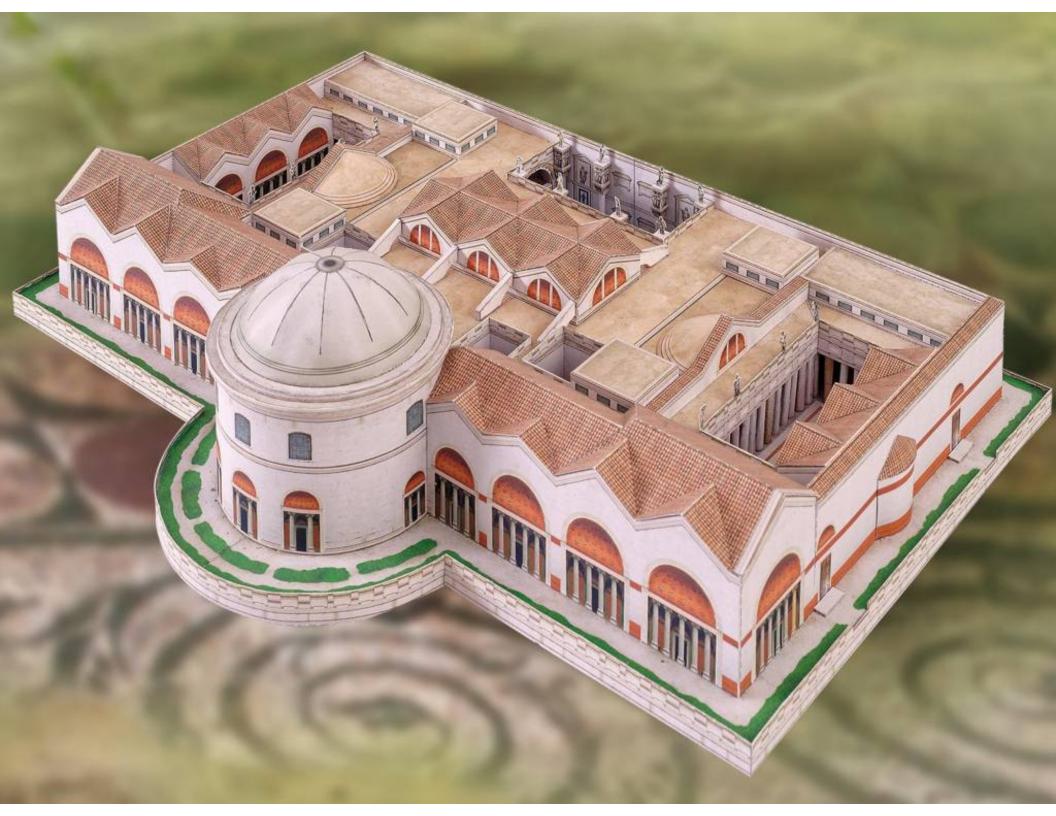


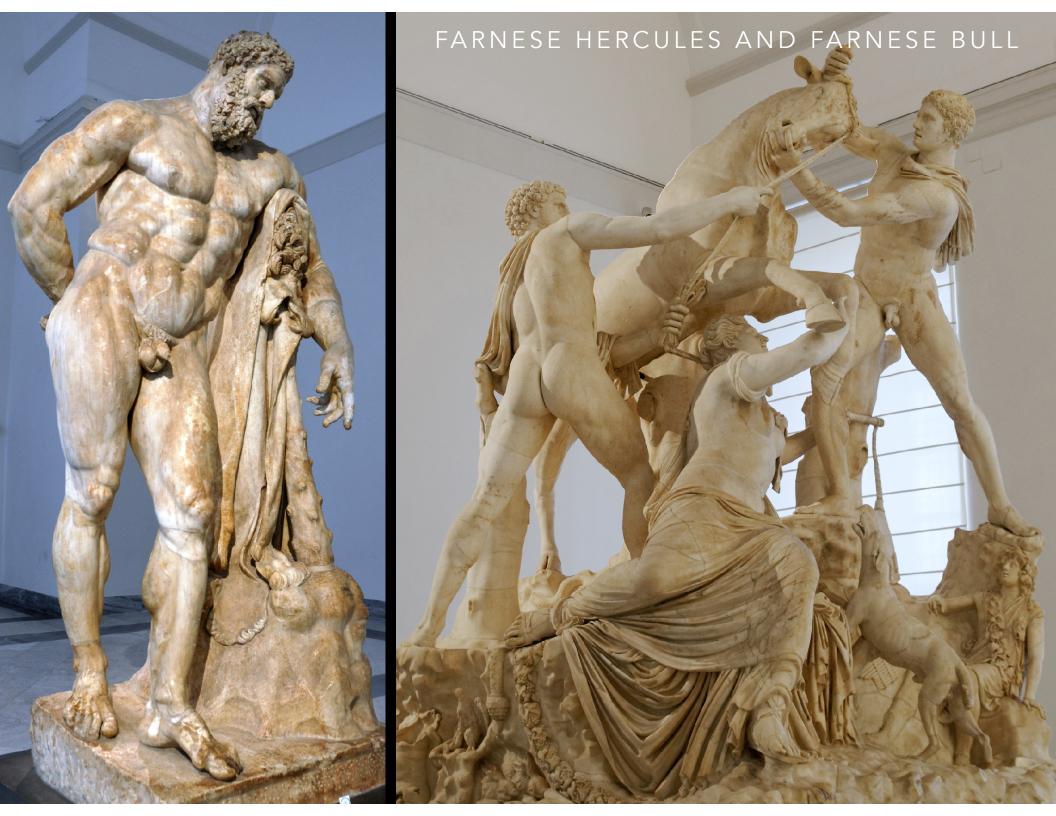


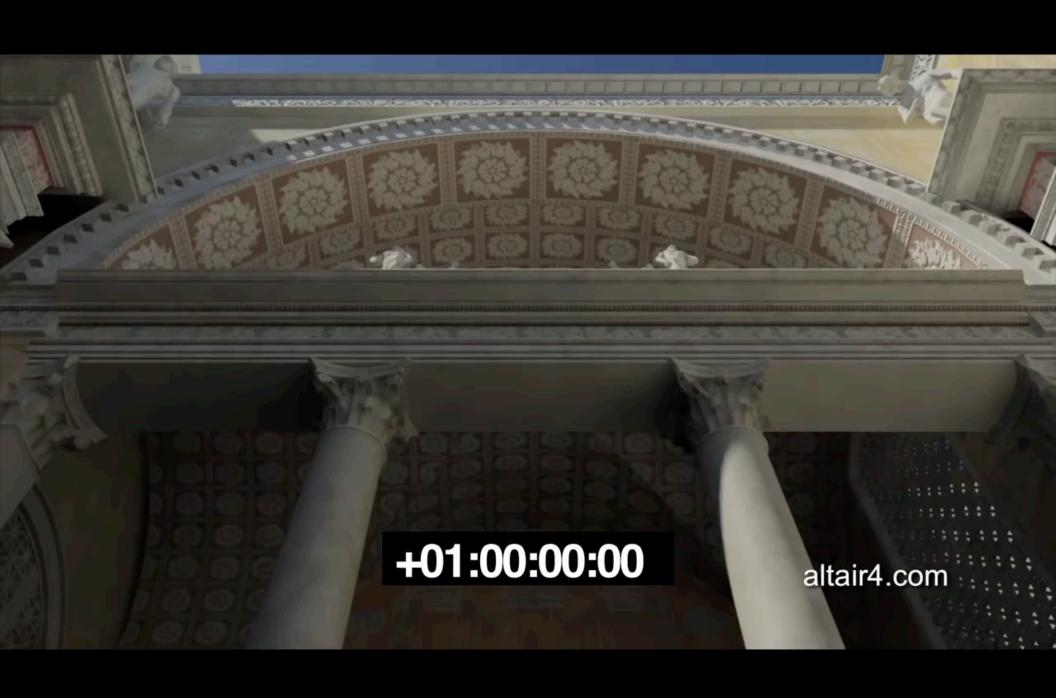






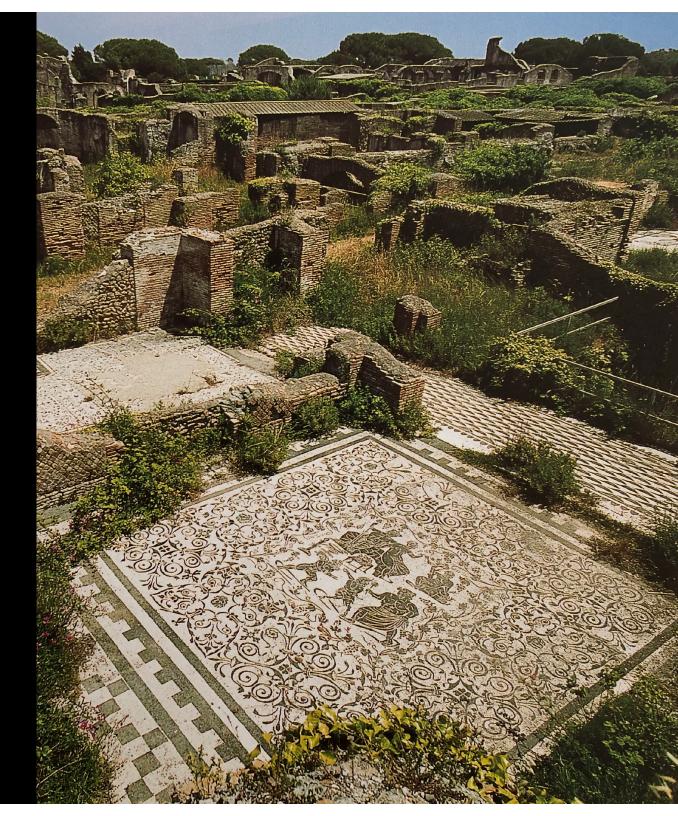






MOSAIC, OSTIA ANTICA

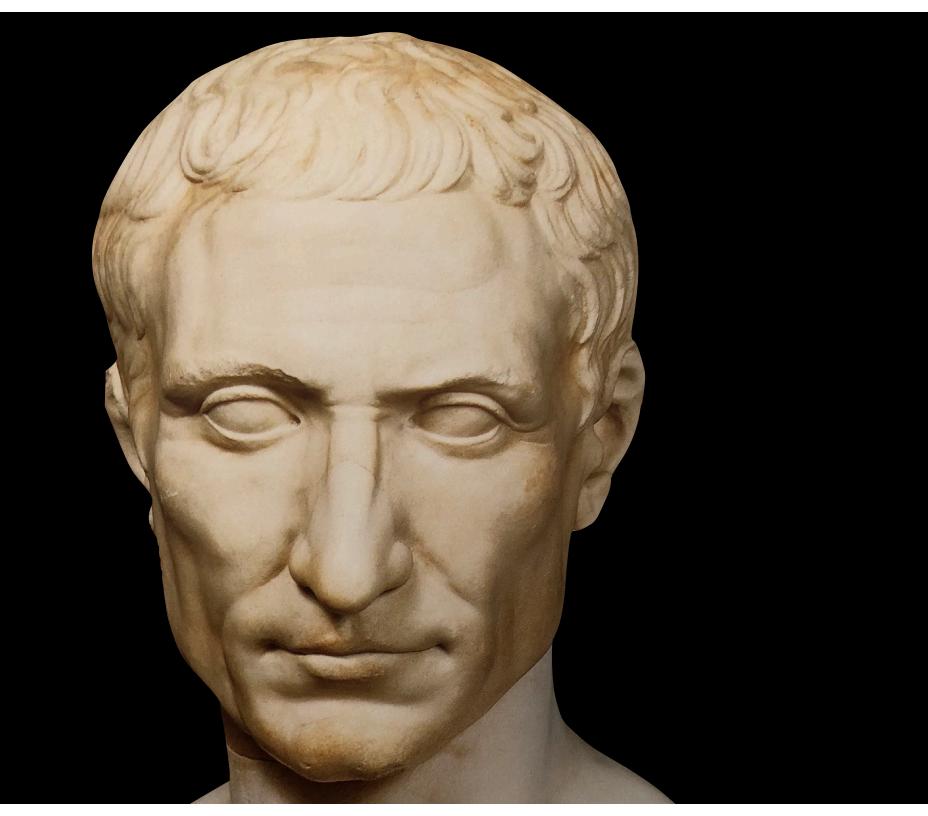
These remains are typical Urbana dwelling spaces from the Imperial era, probably from around the time of Nero (c. 60 AD) or after.



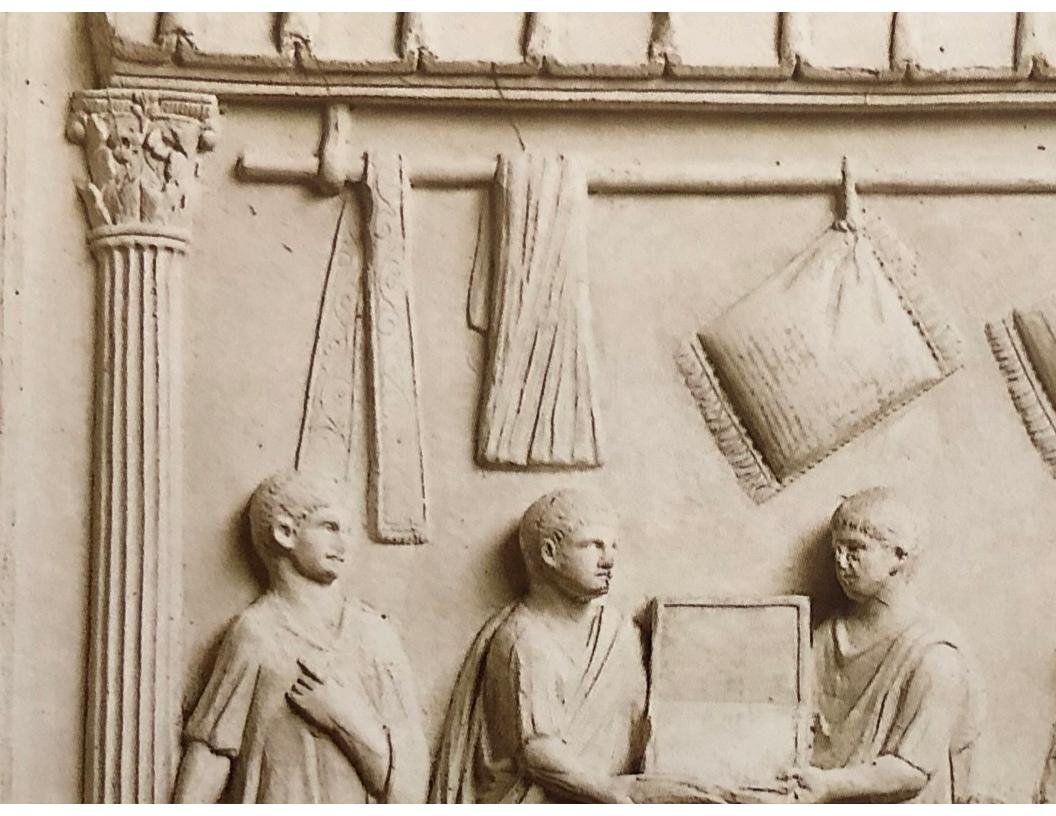




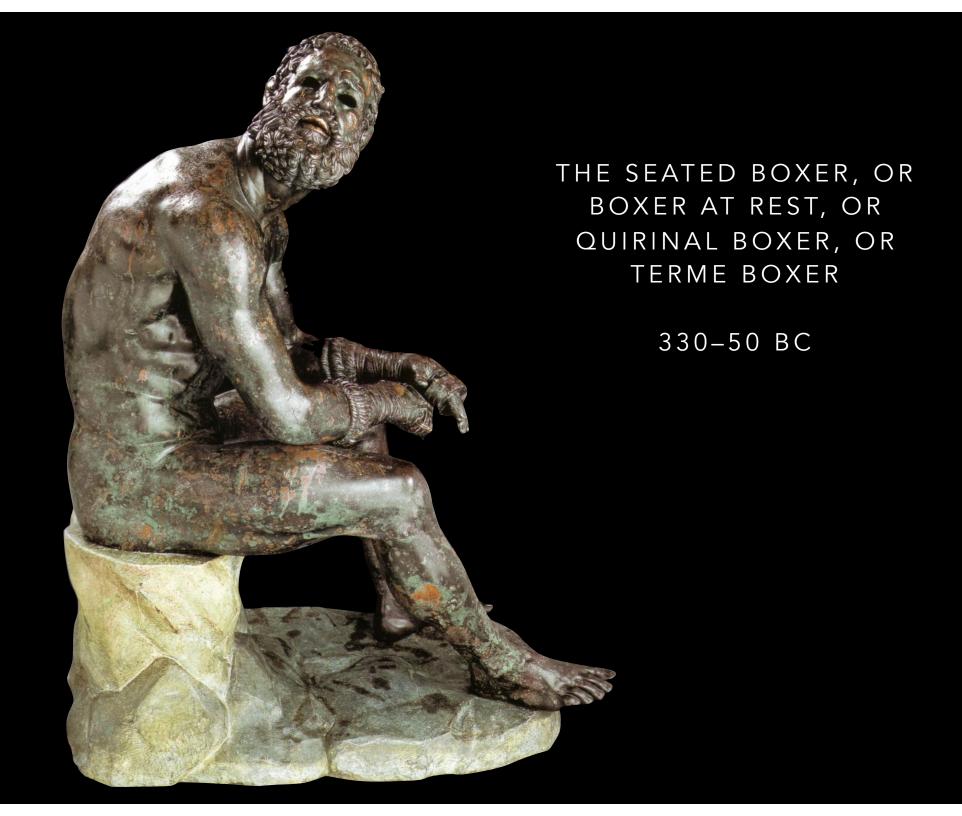
JULIUS CAESAR



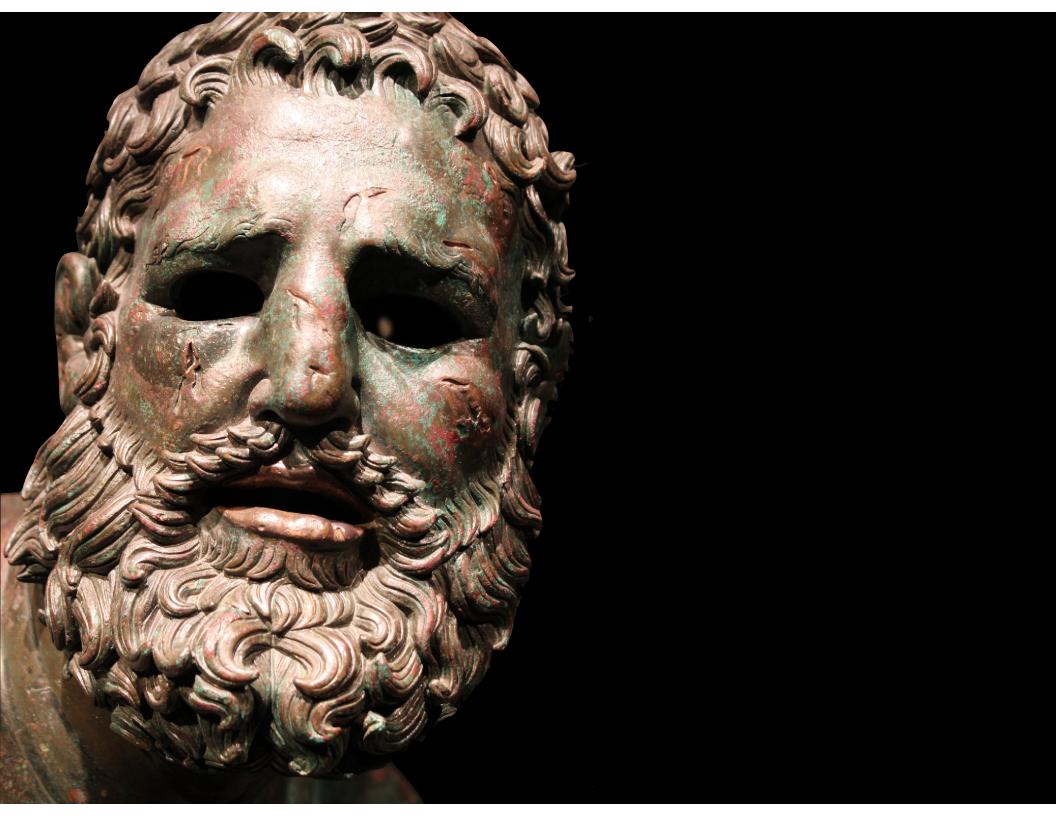






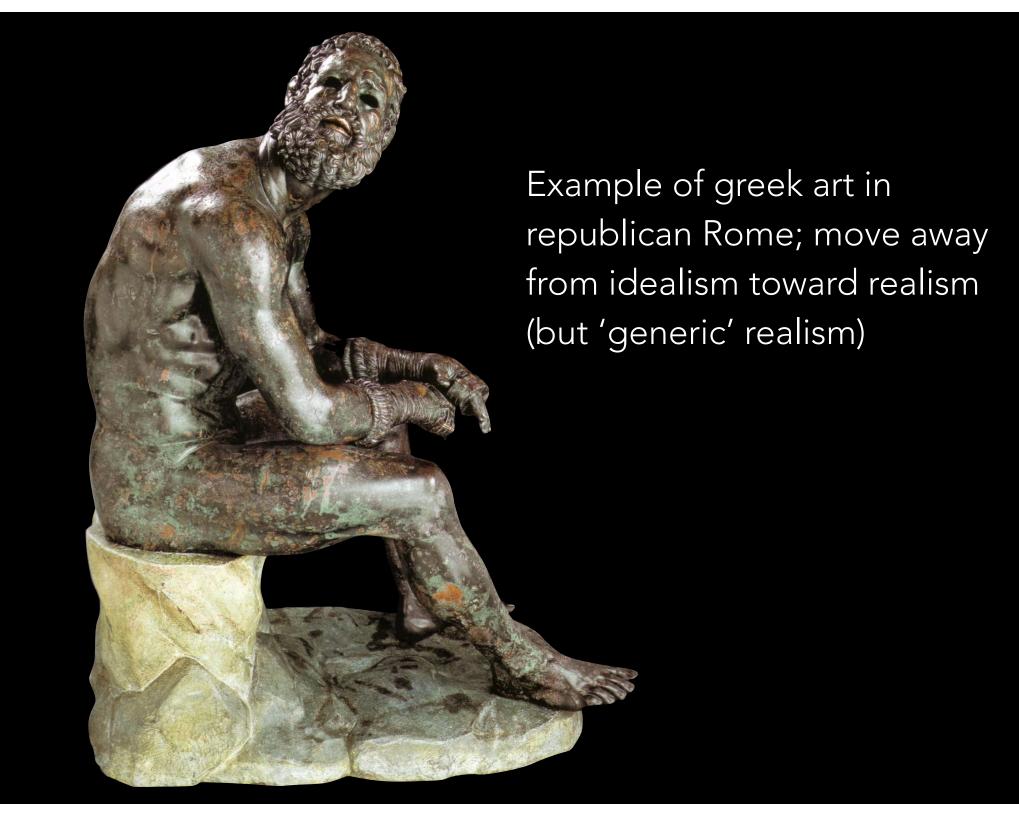






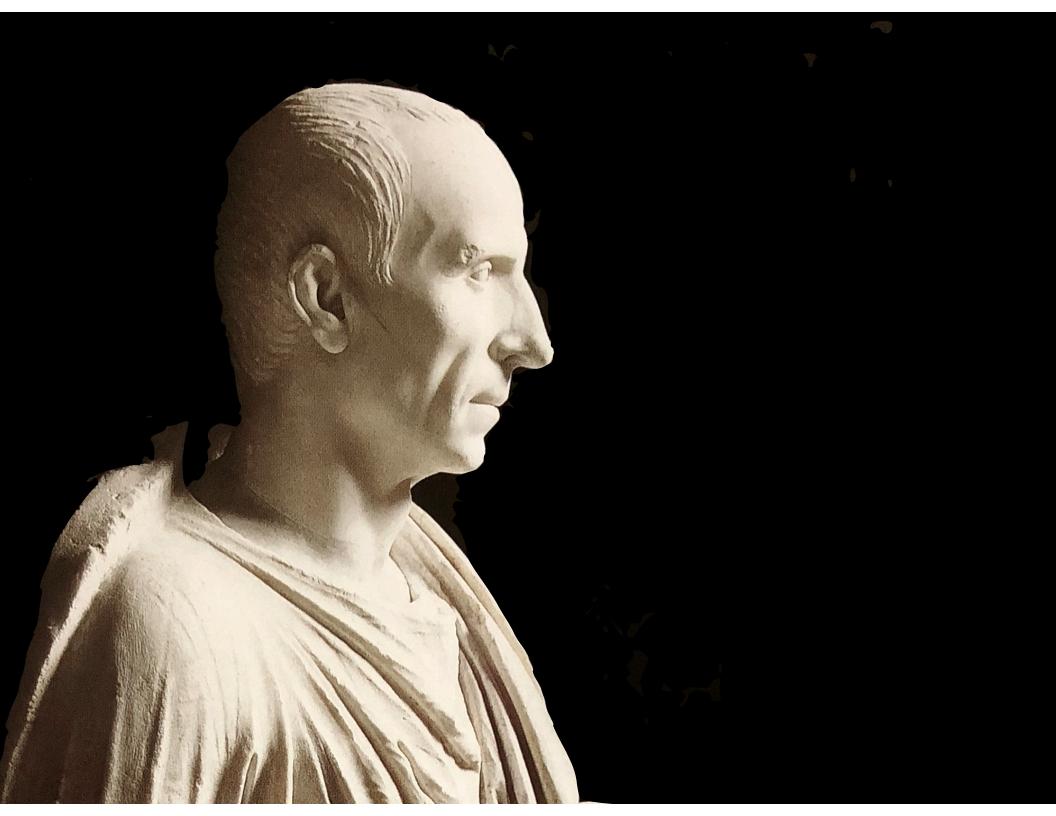




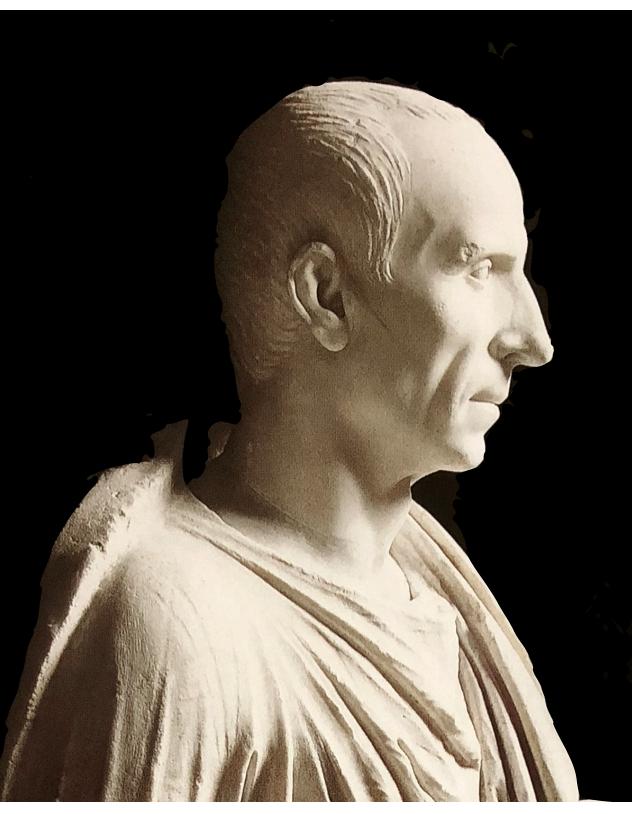




BARBERINI MAN WEARING A TOGA







Typical of the oligarchy in Rome: the *ius imaginum*, the right to display ancestors to show your nobility, even as the plebes make inroads



Mosaic from the House of the Faun in Pompeii, one of the largest and most luxurious villas from the Republican era (about 30,000 square feet — US average is around 2,500)



Detail of "Cupid riding a tiger" mosaic; typical of the most opulent Roman villas; Augustus attempted to rein in such luxuries in Rome, but there were few to no limitations on villas outside of the city.





